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In Old Madrid	40	Sweet Katie Connor	40
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In all the latest styles, of the finest make and best finish in the world, for the money, manufactured by the Cook Wagon Company.

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to want of it. We will pay postage on our beautiful line of over 100 patterns. Samples free. Address: 77 S. 2d St., Philadelphia, Pa.

## CARTER AND THE CHAIRMANSHIP.

Republicans Generally Regard the Selection as a Good One. WASHINGTON, July 18.—The selection of Mr. Carter as Chairman of the Republican National Committee is considered among leading Republicans here as being a first-class choice and places at the helm a man thoroughly fitted for the great work before him.

Mr. Carter is but 38 years of age, having been born in June Furnace, Scioto county, Ohio, in 1854. In 1885 he moved to Pana, Ill., where he lived till 1875 when he moved to Burlington, Iowa. He studied law in Louisville, Ky., and Illinois, being admitted to the bar in Nebraska. In 1882, he moved to Helena, Montana, which is now his home. He was elected Territorial delegate to the Fifty-first Congress as its first representative. He was re-nominated in 1890, but was defeated. In March 1891, he was appointed by President Harrison as United States Land Commissioner.

Mr. Carter was one of the five men originally suggested by President Harrison for the office of Chairman when the National Committee held its first session in Washington three weeks ago. His name was withdrawn from the consideration of the Committee for two reasons. He had arrived in Washington from Montana whether he went immediately after the Minneapolis Convention, only a few hours before the Committee met, and he said he could not consent to be elected Chairman without an opportunity to consider the matter fully.

It was held by many members of the Committee that under the rules it was necessary to choose a Chairman from among the body of the Committee's membership, and Mr. Carter was not a member, and in view of his personal objections to taking the place he was finally permitted to withdraw his name. Even then, however, it was expected of him that he should serve as Secretary, but in electing him to the Chairmanship the Committee achieved one of its earliest plans.

When Mr. Carter was asked if the acceptance of the Chairmanship entailed the resignation of his position in the Land Office, he replied: "I shall resign at all events."

The selection of a Secretary will be made within a week, Mr. Carter says.

## A DETECTIVE'S STRANGE ABSENCE.

Believed That He is Searching for Fugitive Gideon Marsh. PHILADELPHIA, July 18.—Detective Frank Geyer, of the City Bureau of Detectives, was granted leave of absence about four weeks ago and since then speculation has been free as to the character of work upon which he has been engaged.

It has been rumored that he was detailed to find Gideon Marsh, the fugitive President of the wrecked Keystone bank, but this Superintendent of Police Linden denies.

Mrs. Geyer, the wife of the absent detective, claims not to know where her husband is, but it is said that she drew his salary for the month of June.

All information about the welfare of her husband arrives through Supt. Linden.

## George William Curtis' Condition.

LIVINGSTON, S. I., July 18.—The condition of George William Curtis is far more serious than has been made public. Nothing, however, can be learned at his home concerning the result of the consultation of physicians. Dr. W. C. Walker, the attending physician, said a bulletin would be issued, but positively refused to give any information concerning the consultation. He said that Mr. Curtis' condition was about the same, but declined to say whether Mr. Curtis' affliction was a cancer of the stomach or not.

## Stevenson at Buzard's Bay.

NEW YORK, July 18.—Gen. Adlai Stevenson, the Democratic candidate for Vice-President, left the city at midnight for Buzard's Bay, W. G. Ewing of Chicago accompanied him. Gen. Stevenson goes to visit Mr. Cleveland at the latter's special invitation, and will reach Gray Gables to-day. He will return with Mr. Cleveland in time to be present at the meeting which takes place here on Wednesday night, when the candidates will be publicly notified of their nomination.

## Nearly Killed by His Wife.

FALL RIVER, Mass., July 18.—Michael Collins, 40 years old, was nearly killed by his wife during a quarrel, in which the woman upbraided Collins for his drunken habits. She finally smashed a piece of crockery over his head, cutting him in many places. When the doctors arrived he was unconscious and almost dead from loss of blood. He was revived and had his wounds dressed, and will probably recover.

## AT BEDTIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERE DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

## LAXATIVE MEDICINE

All druggists sell it at 25c and 50c per bottle. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and bowels and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from purest ingredients and is as healthy as a necessity.

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## NEITHER GIVING WAY

Both Sides at Homestead Are Firm as Ever.

## REPAIRERS DECIDE TO STAY OUT.

They Are Not Members of the Amalgamated Association, But They Will Fight to the End—Duquesne Men Refuse to Go Out—How the Offer of the Carnegies to the Men to Resume Work Is Regarded—Hugh O'Donnell Away on a Secret Mission—What the Strike Has Cost—Frick Contradicted.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 18.—The chameleon is riddled in changing by the situation in Homestead. A visit to the little town to-day would not give an adequate idea of the many changes that have been worked since the trouble began, and only the blackened pliers of the land-lark at the Carnegie mills, the smoken hulks of the Dinkerton barges, the presence of thousands of workmen and the big military camp on the hill overlooking the gigantic plant bring to mind the scenes enacted here since the beginning of the month.

To-day the situation is at the beginning of its crisis. The Carnegie Company is endeavoring to begin repairing operations preliminary to re-opening the mills, and it has asked the workmen, mechanical and repairing force to return to their old places, but so far to-day none of them have gone to work.

These workmen met yesterday and decided to remain out. The company has also given public notice that such former employees of the Homestead plant who are satisfactory to the company may file applications for employment by 5 o'clock Thursday evening.

These offers foreshadow a change in the situation, for they show the determination of the company to start its mills and are believed to be preliminary only to the employment of non-union men if they fail to have the effect intended.

A copy of the notice posted up, inviting applications for work, was taken by the Advisory Committee while it was in session. Some of the men laughed at it and said it was "Frick's way of doing business."

All the members of the Committee who were asked concerning the effect of the notice said it would fail to accomplish what the company hoped for. Men they said would not give up the fight in such short order. They would fight to the end and refuse to be tempted by any offers the company might make short of a concession of the demands of the Amalgamated Association.

The copy of the notice taken to the Advisory Committee was one of those given to the press. This was compared with the printed notices and it was found that in the latter the last paragraph of the copy published in the newspapers was omitted. Much comment was caused by the omitted paragraph which reads as follows: "This notice will be the last given to the employees of the works and after non-compliance with this notice will be filled with non-union men."

"The omission of the section from the posted notices shows the weakness of the company," said one of the strike leaders. "Its managers at first thought that reference to non-union men would frighten us, but mature consideration showed them that we would see the ruse."

Other leaders expressed in substance the same sentiments. An effort was made by a reporter to see Supt. Potter at the Homestead mills, but the watchman at the gates said Mr. Potter had given him strict orders to exclude reporters.

When the offers became generally known the news created the greatest excitement among the locked out workers, but from outward appearances the men are uninfluenced by them in their determination to fight the battle until the bitter end. Those who express themselves on the subject say they will not return to work until the company accedes to the demands of the Amalgamated Association.

If unity is maintained and the old men refuse to work, the starting of the mills by non-union workmen will be the only other move left for the Carnegie Company. From to-day to Thursday the crisis will hang in the balance and then a better opportunity to penetrate the mist that envelops the present situation will come.

Both sides admit that there is no immediate prospect of a settlement of the strike, and already the cost is considerable more than \$1,000,000. Every day that the plant is idle costs the Carnegie Company \$50,000. It is 19 days since the workmen went out.

That means a loss of \$950,000 to the company. The militia have been under arms one week, and at \$20,000 a day, have cost the State of Pennsylvania \$140,000. The cost to the company and State now totals up \$1,090,000, and is piling up at the rate of \$70,000 a day.

In addition to all this, the workmen lose their wages and ten men have lost their lives. The destruction of property has not been great, as the barges burned were inexpensive.

Instead of sending in their names as individuals and applying for their old positions in response to the notice posted by Mr. Frick on Saturday, the former employees of the Carnegie who are not members of the Amalgamated Association got together yesterday and unanimously decided to stand out to the end. The meeting was held in the rink. It was called by members of the mechanical departments, but it included all daily wage earners. These men number about 2,000, and include the Hungarians. The meeting was attended by about 1,000 men. Hugh O'Donnell of the Amalgamated Association addressed the men by special invitation. He did not advise them in any way, but merely stated the condition of affairs, leaving his hearers to decide for themselves.

The meeting at Duquesne yesterday was not much more satisfactory than was that of Saturday. It was held in the picnic ground, and less than 200 in all were present. Addresses were made by Burgess McLuckie, W. A. Carney, one of the vice-presidents of the association, and a workman named Roberts. The resolutions passed by the mechanical department at the meeting here in the morning were read to them, but there was an ominous lack of enthusiasm. The 2,000 employees there of the Carnegie Company are unorganized, and do not want to take part in the fight. Their wages are not changed.

The men seemed in sympathy with the speakers, but were timid to an extraordinary degree, as if they did not dare go to the lengths their feelings might lead

them. The threat of the superintendent of mills had had its effect. A resolution was passed expressing the sympathy of those present with the Homesteaders, but there was no intimation that the sympathy would be furthered than perhaps a contribution. Some of those present joined a new lodge of the Amalgamated Association. There is little hope from the direction of Duquesne.

Union men from Scranton and other towns arrived in town yesterday and informed the Advisory Committee that Supt. Potter had agents in Scranton and throughout the State importuning men to work in the Homestead plant. According to the statements made by these men the efforts of Mr. Potter's agents have not been successful.

The few non-union men now in the mills take their meals in the pressing mill. They pile of boxes, barrels, bags, etc., containing provisions are stacked in the pressing mill and in the office building above the railroad trestles. One of the men said to a reporter, who succeeded in getting inside, that they had provisions enough to feed several hundred men for a month. He said: "We are being well fed, and having an easy time of it."

## ON A SECRET MISSION.

Hugh O'Donnell, Chairman, Away on a Mysterious Trip.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 18.—Hugh O'Donnell, chairman of the Advisory Committee, and the real leader of the locked out men, left town suddenly and mysteriously last evening. His departure was known only to the Advisory Committee, and the strictest secrecy was kept concerning it, fearing the effect it might have on the action of wavering men.

He took an east-bound train from Pittsburgh. The circumstances attending his leaving were as follows: He was expected to speak at the meeting of Carnegie's 2,000 employees at Duquesne, whom the Homestead men hoped to induce to join in the strike. Just before the meeting O'Donnell said he was in receipt of information concerning a matter which imperatively demanded a journey to the East.

He was asked if the business had reference to the strike and he replied evasively. The committee granted the leave asked and appointed Thomas C. Crawford to act until his return. Mr. Crawford said to the correspondent:

"Mr. O'Donnell has gone on a secret mission. I, myself, do not know where; I did not want to burden myself with a secret. He will return on Tuesday night."

## FRICK CONTRADICTED.

Carnegie Prices Said to be Even Lower Than at Other Mills.

PITTSBURGH, July 18.—In his testimony before the Congressional Committee investigating the Homestead troubles, Mr. Frick made the statement that 296 men were employed in open-hearth department No. 2, and about 100 men were affected by the reduction contemplated. The locked-out men have replied as follows:

"There are 112 tonnage men affected by the proposed reduction. They produce on an average of 24 hours 236 tons of steel ingots. In Shoemaker's open-hearth department, at the same number of furnaces as is No. 2, 168 tonnage men are required to produce 192 tons of steel ingots. At one particular position in the two mills the Homestead men would receive \$14.15 per ton; in Shoemaker's it would receive \$18. In Homestead, if any accident occurs to the heat of the steel, the men get no pay for it, while in Shoemaker's they would be paid by the day, be the steel good or bad."

## ONE REGIMENT TO REMAIN.

Troops to Be Withdrawn Next Saturday if the Situation is No Worse.

HOMESTEAD, July 18.—Preparations have been made looking to the organization of at least one provisional regiment to remain in Homestead after the main force has been withdrawn. If the situation does not assume a troublesome phase by next Saturday the troops will be withdrawn and the provisional force will assume control.

A consultation between Gen. Snowden and some of his principal officers in connection with the organization of the provisional regiments of 600 men each is said to have been held. Twelve hundred men, trained in military tactics would probably prevent the recurrence of any more disorder.

## 300 Discharged at West Superior.

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., July 18.—The roller mills of the West Superior Iron & Steel Company are shut down. The fires are drawn, tools put away, and arrangements apparently made for continued inactivity if necessary. All men who were supposed in any way connected with the Amalgamated Association or had taken part in the recent disturbances and had taken part in a recent strike, have been discharged by a notice in writing. Manager Matti will say nothing of his plans except that he will not reorganize the Association in any event. A secret meeting was held last night, but nothing was done. Whether the men in other departments of the works will go out is not known. About 200 men are affected.

## Train Men May Take a Hand.

PITTSBURGH, July 18.—Several days ago, it is stated, that at a meeting of the train men a resolution was unanimously passed, that in event of work being resumed at Homestead, that plant being operated by non-union workmen, the trainmen will positively refuse to haul either finished or raw material into or out of Homestead, nor will they haul any freight or cars destined to or from any mill owned or operated by the Carnegie Steel Company.

## Beaver Falls Strikers Firm.

BEAVER FALLS, Pa., July 18.—The strikers at the Carnegie Steel Company's works at this place are quiet and no outbreak is feared. All of the strikers are firm in their determination to remain out. At a largely attended meeting various committees were appointed who will take charge of the strike. The voice of the meeting was a ratification of the action already taken.

## R. of L. and the Fair.

BOSTON, July 18.—Park Department Assembly 7,576, Knights of Labor, has adopted resolutions calling upon Congress to refuse the World's Fair appropriation until such time as union labor is given proper recognition by those having charge of the arrangements for the fair.

## Ninety-Eight Bodies Recovered.

PARIS, July 18.—The total number of bodies of victims of the St. Gervais flood and landslide recovered thus far is 98. The last one found had drifted down the river as far as Salanches.

## DRAWING TO A CLOSE

Congress Will Not Remain in Session Much Longer.

## NEXT WEEK PROBABLY THE LAST.

The Anti-Option Bill the Only Measure That Can Delay Adjournment—The House Will Devote Itself to Appropriations—Night Sessions Probable.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Congress is rapidly approaching the end of the session and, in the opinion of the House leaders, this week will probably witness the closing scenes. On the other hand, however, the opinion prevails among the minority that adjournment will not be reached before the 1st of August. The proceedings in the House this week will be confined to the consideration of the appropriation bills. To-day is suspension day and several members are expecting a glance of recognition from the Speaker to enable them to pass special measures.

The bill to transfer the revenue marine service from the Treasury to the Navy Department is one of the measures slated for consideration. To-morrow at 10 o'clock a vote will be taken on the World's Fair proposition in the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill, and it is probable a final vote on the bill itself will also occur on that day.

The report on the investigation of the Pension Office will be called up on Wednesday by Mr. Enloe, who hopes to have a cloture bill reported by the Committee on Rules in order to force a vote on the question of adopting the majority's resolution that Commissioner Baum be dismissed. The Deficiency and the Fortification Appropriation bills are expected to receive attention during the latter part of the week.

Senator Washburn, of Minnesota, remains firm in his belief that there is a set purpose on the part of the leaders to force an adjournment just as soon as the last appropriation bill has been finally disposed of, in order to prevent action by the Senate on the Anti-Option bill, in which he takes so much interest, which has passed the House, and only needs concurrence by the Senate to send it to the President.

He has shown by two test votes that there is a working majority of at least five in the Senate in favor of the enactment of some legislation on this subject, and he thinks he can get the bill through without material amendment if he can only call it up and make it unfinished business. His chief difficulty lies in the fact that so soon as he starts with the bill an appropriation bill is thrust in the road, and he finds himself facing no throughfare.

The Minnesota Senator believes the announced intention of Mr. Aldrich of Rhode Island to make a set speech on the "tariff for revenue" resolutions of Mr. Hale some time this week, to be part of the same policy of delay, though the amendment that Mr. Aldrich would make such a speech was made by Mr. Hale when he called up the Anti-Option bill on the 5th of June before the Anti-Option bill came to the front.

Whether the Minnesota Senator's suspicions are well founded or not, it is apparent that the Anti-Option bill is the key to the situation so far as an early adjournment is concerned. If that bill can be postponed till December an adjournment between the 1st and 5th of August is possible, and even probable. If it gets before the Senate as the continuing order, with all the appropriation bills out of the way, there is no telling how long the session may last.

Senators who have voted with Mr. Washburn to take up the bill are by no means satisfied with it in its present form. They will propose and will probably carry amendments which will send it back for concurrence by the House, and an almost interminable struggle may thus be brought about.

There is really nothing else likely to delay Congress. The Sundry Civil bill, even with the World's Fair boomerang attached, can probably be disposed of in conference in ten or twelve working days; and the pending Fortifications and Deficiency bills are likely to occupy less time. The notice paper of the Senate is full, but "braten fallum" might be written over every successful topic. Not one of them is likely to be taken up except for an hour or two's talk. No legislation is contemplated on any one of them for this session at least.

A meeting of the Committee on Ways and Means of the House will be held to-day for the purpose of fixing a day for the final adjournment of Congress. It is understood that the date will be July 26 or 27.

The Committee on Rules will, in all probability, take favorable action on Gen. Wheeler's resolution, providing for the holding of night sessions of the House, beginning such to-night and to continue during the Congress. These sessions will be devoted to the consideration of bills on the calendar, to be brought up by the alphabetical call of committees.

## Congressmen Anxious for Adjournment.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The restless attention paid by members Saturday to the debate in the House on the proposition giving the World's Fair \$5,000,000 in souvenir coins and closing the gates on Sunday, is sufficient evidence that Congressmen are growing weary of the session and are anxious to adjourn. Not more than 100 members have been present at any time for the past few days. The advocates of the measure under discussion met with some opposition and it is sufficiently evident now that there is a strong sentiment against the amendment.

## The Monetary Conference.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The International Monetary Conference will be held in Berlin during the latter part of next month, and the proclamation of the President to this effect will soon be issued. The other countries that have joined with the United States in the proposed conference are Great Britain, France, Germany, Russia, Austria, Belgium, Netherlands, Norway and Sweden, Spain, Switzerland, Serbia, Italy, Greece and Denmark.

## Sunday Closing Bill Endorsed.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 18.—At the National meeting in the Asbury Park auditorium yesterday 3,000 persons endorsed the closing of the World's Fair on Sundays. Senator Alfred H. Colquitt of Georgia spoke and declared himself in favor of the Sunday closing bill.

## Mrs. Harrison Still Improving.

SARASOTA LAKE, N. Y., July 18.—Mrs. Harrison continues to improve in health and spirits and is rapidly approaching complete recovery.

## OPEN YOUR EYES

When you ask for a bottle of WOLFF'S ACME BLACKING see that you get the genuine. The real article made by us cannot be bought for less than 20c a bottle. It is good material and worth its price. There are imitations offered claiming to be "just as good" for less money. Don't buy them. If the "just as good" has any merit it ought to sell without invoking the aid of comparison with our Acme Blacking.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

## PIK-RON

Is the name of a pain which does work that no other pain can do. Glass painted with it looks like colored glass. A 10c bottle of Pik-Ron will decorate a market basket full of glassware. All retailers sell it.

## The Last Drop

Is as good as the first. No dregs. All pure and wholesome. The most popular drink of the day.



## Hires' Root Beer.

A perfect thirst quencher. Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of larger profit, offers you some other kind of "just as good" as Hires'. No imitation is as good as the genuine Hires'.

## KIRK'S DUSKY DIAMOND TAR SOAP

Healthful, Agreeable, Cleansing. Cures Chapped Hands, Wounds, Burns, Etc. Removes and Prevents Dandruff.

## WHITE RUSSIAN SOAP.

Specially Adapted for Use in Hard Water.

## SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE.

The success of this Great Cough Cure is without a parallel in the history of medicine. All druggists are authorized to sell it on a positive guarantee, a test that no other cure can successfully stand. That it may become known, the Proprietors, at an enormous expense, are applying a Sample Bottle free into every home in the United States and Canada. If you have a Cough, Sore Throat, or Bronchitis, use it, for it will cure you. If your child has the Croup, or Whooping Cough, use it promptly, and relief is sure. If you dread that insidious disease Consumption, use it. Ask your Druggist for SHILOH'S CURE, Price 10c, 50 cts. and \$1.00. If your Lungs are sore or parched, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster, Price 25 cts.

## YOUR HEALTH

May depend upon the way you treat the warnings which nature gives. A few bottles of S-S-S, taken at the proper time may insure good health for a year or two. Use it before it is too late.

## IS IMPORTANT